

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

RADIATOR ENAMEL SATIN AEROSOL

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking 1.1. Product identifier RADIATOR ENAMEL SATIN AEROSOL **Product name** 5 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product use** ÷. Aerosol. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K. Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 71 71 www.hammerite.co.uk : hammerite.advice@akzonobel.com e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS 1.4 Emergency telephone number **Telephone number** : Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000 Version : 3 8-3-2016 Date of previous issue

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

 Product definition
 : Mixture

 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

 Aerosol 1, H222, H229

 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

 STOT SE 3, H336

 Ingredients of unknown : 0%

 cotoxicity

 Ingredients of unknown : 0%

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard	nictor	arame
Παζαι υ	μισιοί	yranis



Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	<ul> <li>H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.</li> <li>P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	:	P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage		P410 - Protect from sunlight. P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	acetone
Supplemental label elements	1	Contains phthalic anhydride and 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3. Other hazards		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.
SECTION 3: Compos	iti	on/information on ingredients

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

	<u>Classification</u>		<b>Classification</b>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% (w/w)	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
zcetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥25 - <50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Petroleum gases, liquefied	EC: 270-704-2 CAS: 68476-85-7 Index: 649-202-00-6	≥25 - <50	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	[2]
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5	≥10 - <25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
phthalic anhydride	EC: 201-607-5 CAS: 85-44-9 Index: 607-009-00-4	≥0.1 - <0.3	EUH066 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1] [2]
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≥0.1 - <0.3	STOT SE 3, H335 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid n	neasures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it
	is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate
	mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person
	providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains phthalic anhydride, 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazards from the : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may substance or mixture cause a health hazard. **Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen. decomposition products 5.3. Advice for firefighters **Special protective actions** : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. for fire-fighters

**Special protective** : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, pro	ote	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2. Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4. Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	<ul> <li>Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.</li> <li>Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.</li> <li>Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.</li> <li>Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.</li> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).</li> <li>Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.</li> <li>Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.</li> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Information on fire and explosion protection</li> <li>Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.</li> <li>When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the avoid protection end work inside the spray booth.</li> </ul>

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

#### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids	150	500
C8: Extremely flammable (R12 or any flammable maintained at temperature > boiling point)	10	50

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient nam	e Exposure limit values
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Petroleum gases, liquefied	TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).</b> STEL: 2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
phthalic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
procedures	f this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
DNELs/DMELs	

No DNELs/DMELs available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	1	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection		

#### Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred. Skin should be washed after contact.

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN 374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Recommended gloves: Viton® or Nitrile

Breakthrough Time: 480 min

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.

NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.	-
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should liselected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and shi approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>	
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they m appropriate, certified respirators.	ust
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:	
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken o age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arisin the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you sho assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.	pres Ig fro
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be user surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding canno avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recom that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be tak ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected	ot b imer l its ken s ar
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filte EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half n with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)	
	The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practic should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actua and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should b disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.	e e al wo
	Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-bas paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on th of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure L lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building durin actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.	d tha he b Limit I be s, ar
	Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Spec precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.	
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.	

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on	basic phys	sical and c	hemical	properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Not available.
Odour	: Not available.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 34°C
Flash point	: Closed cup: -18°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.772
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 0.26 cm <sup>2</sup> /s Kinematic (40°C): 0.29 cm <sup>2</sup> /s
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2. Other information	
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 0.1754 kJ/g
No additional information.	

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2. Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5. Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains phthalic anhydride, 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
phthalic anhydride	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>210 mg/m³	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>10000 mg/kg 1530 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
phthalic anhydride	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.				
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
zcetone Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	0,	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
phthalic anhydride	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Other information

: Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary 12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	Not available.
Mobility	Not available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	assessment
PBT	Not applicable.
	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.
vPvB	Not applicable.
	vP: Not available. vB: Not available.
12.6. Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.</li> <li>If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.</li> <li>For further information, contact your local waste authority.</li> </ul>
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.</li> <li>Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	2	2.1
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
14.5 Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
HI/Kemler number	Not applicable.	
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-D,S-U
14.7 Transport in bu according to Annex MARPOL and the IB	ll of	
Additional information	<u>Tunnel code</u> (D)	-

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: Not available.
Europe inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air	: Listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	<b>•</b>	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

Aerosol dispensers



2



Extremely flammable

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

## Danger criteria

#### Category

P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids C8: Extremely flammable (R12 or any flammable maintained at temperature > boiling point)

#### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
0 / 1	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	liquefied petroleum gas; LPG	Carc.	-

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : Not applicable.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **CEPE code**

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

: 1

DNEL = Derived Wining Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	Abbreviations and acronyms	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
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#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229       Dn basis of test data         Eye Irnt: 2, H319       Calculation method         STOT SE 3, H336       Extremely flammable gas.         Full text of abbreviated H       :         statements       :         H220, H229       Extremely flammable gas.         H221, H229       Highly flammable liquid and vapour.         H226       Flammable liquid and vapour.         H220       Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.         H304       May be fatal if swallowed.         H312       Harmful if swallowed.         H312       Harmful in contact with skin.         H312       Harmful in contact with skin.         H315       Causes serious eye damage.         H316       Causes serious eye damage.         H317       May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.         H335       May cause respiratory irritation.         H336       May cause respiratory irritation.         H336       May cause respiratory irritation.         H336       May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.         H337       Carc. 2, H319         Serious PA       Accute Tox. 4, H302         Actuate Tox. 4, H304       Actuate Tox. 4, H302 <tr< th=""><th>Classifica</th><th>tion</th><th>Justification</th></tr<>	Classifica	tion	Justification
statements       1222, H229       Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.         H222, H229       Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.         H226       Highly flammable aerosol. Pressure; may explode if heated.         H302       Harmful if swallowed and enters airways.         H312       Harmful if swallowed and enters airways.         H312       Harmful if swallowed and enters airways.         H313       Causes skin irritation.         H314       May cause an allergic skin reaction.         H318       Causes serious eye irritation.         H319       Causes serious eye irritation.         H319       Causes derows respiratory iritation.         H336       May cause deregy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.         H336       May cause respiratory iritation.         H331       Suspected of causing cancer.         Full text of classifications       I         [CLP/GHS]       Acute Tox. 4, H302         Acute Tox. 4, H312       AcUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         Acute Tox. 4, H312       AcUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 1         Aerosol 1, H222, H229       Aspiratrion HazArdor - Category 1         Aperosol 1, H224, H229       Aspiratrion HazArdor - Category 1         EUH066	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		Calculation method
Full ext of classifications       Image burst if heated.         H225       Highly flammable liquid and vapour.         H226       Flammable liquid and vapour.         H228       Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.         H302       Harmful if swallowed.         H304       May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.         H312       Harmful in contact with skin.         H312       Harmful in contact with skin.         H313       Causes serious eye dmage.         H319       Causes serious eye dmage.         H319       Causes serious eye dmage.         H334       May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.         H335       May cause drowsiness or dizziness.         H336       May cause drowsiness or dizziness.         H336       May cause drowsiness or dizziness.         H351       Suspected of causing cancer.         [CLP/GHS]       Acute Tox. 4, H302         Acute Tox. 4, H304       AcUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4         Acute Tox. 4, H304       CaRCINOGENICITY - Category 1         Acro. 2, H351       CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2         EUH066       Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.         Eye Irnt. 2, H319       SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Statements	H222, H229 H225 H226 H280 H302 H304 H312 H315 H317 H318 H319 H334 H335 H336 H351 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Gas 1, H220 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 AEROSOLS - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
		STOT SE 3, H336	EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

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#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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